# UNDERSTANDING DIETARY SUPPLEMENTS

y teammates told me that if I take dietary supplements to gain muscle and recover quickly I can improve my performance.

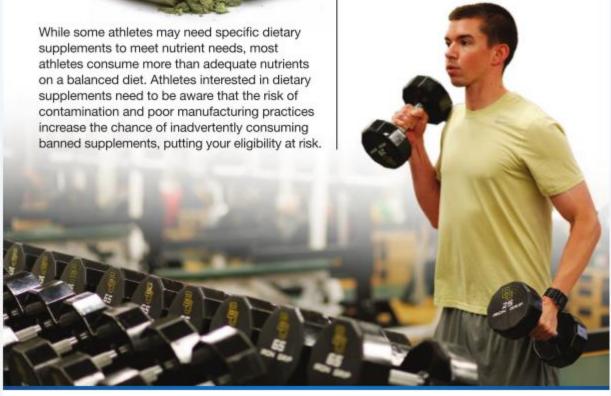
Do I need supplements? Are there any that are safe and effective, and meet the NCAA regulations?



### WHERE TO START

- A well-designed nutrition plan based on whole foods will safely supply energy and nutrients to fuel your body most effectively for optimal performance.
- When additional nutrition and hydration are needed, first supplement your meals with real food and work with a sports dietitian to create an individualized nutrition plan.
- Know and adhere to the nutritional/dietary supplement regulations of the NCAA.

(To better understand dietary supplements, turn the page.)



## EVALUATING A DIETARY SUPPLEMENT

- Use a reliable source to investigate whether or not supplement claims are true:
  - The National Center for Drug Free Sport:
  - www.drugfreesport.com/REC Password: ncaa1, ncaa2 or ncaa3 NCAA:
  - www.NCAA.org/drugtesting **United States**
  - Anti-Doping Agency: www.usada.org/supplement411 International
  - **Olympic Committee:** www.olympic.org/ioc
- Claims that are "too good to be true" are just that. "Red-flag" terms include:

  - Fat Burner
  - Metabolic Booster
  - Proprietary Ingredients Testosterone Booster
- Exaggerated claims related to energy metabolism, body fat especially high risk for containing an undisclosed banned substance.

AA does not endorse any detary supplements such managed as "NGAA compliant" here no too the NGAA.

# KNOW THE FACTS!

- · Manufacturers of dietary supplements are not required to obtain premarket approval from the Federal Drug Administration (FDA); therefore, there is no assurance of a product's purity, safety or effectiveness.
- · Although manufacturers are required to list all ingredients on the label, a dietary supplement may contain a banned substance, even if not listed, due to contamination or poor manufacturing practices.
- · A positive test for banned substances can result in suspension from competition for a minimum of 365 days, and the loss of a year of remaining eligibility.
- · NCAA policies regarding nutritional supplements (see NCAA Bylaw 16.5.2 for more information):
  - Permissible: can be provided to student-athletes by athletics department.
  - Impermissible: cannot be provided to student-athletes by athletics department.
  - Banned: substances banned for use by student-athletes.

#### FOOD FIRST

- Protect your health and enhance your performance by choosing food over supplements.
- · Vitamins and minerals alone have NO energy value and cannot provide the required fuel found in food.
- · In general, no vitamin and mineral supplements are necessary if a student-athlete is consuming adequate energy from a variety of foods to maintain body weight.
- · Supplements are expensive. A turkey sandwich contains more essential amino acids at a much lower cost than an entire bottle of amino acid supplements!



#### HOW TO PLAY IT SAFE

- · Eating real food, training responsibly and getting enough rest leads to success without the potential consequences of taking dietary supplements.
- As a NCAA athlete, it is your responsibility to know what you are putting into your body!
- · Before consuming any supplement, review the label with your athletics department's sports medicine staff.

The following table lists common dietary supplements used by athletes, their risks and common food sources high in these nutrients.

Supplement	Risks	Food Equivalent	and the second second
Multivitamin and Mineral	Potential toxicity if taken in amounts greater than recommended	Meats, poultry, fish, whole grains, vegetables, fruits, beans and peas, nuts, low-fat dairy	0
Caffeine	Potential anxiety, irritability, insomnia, headaches, gastrointestinal (GI) distress	Coffee, tea, chocolate Note: Consumed in high quanti- ties, these foods can result in testing positive for a banned sub- stance.	
Creatine	GI distress, cramps, potential contamination	Meat, poultry, fish	10
Protein and Added Amino Acids	Potential contamination	Beef, pork, chicken, fish, turkey, beans, lentils, tofu, tempeh, nuts, low-fat dairy, eggs	
Omega-3 Fatty Acids	Potential contamination	Fatty fish (salmon), flaxseed oil, walnuts, canola oil	

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Student-athletes should not use nutritional supplements other than those allowed by the NCAA or prescribed by a licensed physician for a medical condition. Student-athletes are reminded that taking nutritional supplements, even those purchased over-the counter, may result in a positive drug test that affects eligibility status.

For questions regarding whether a nutritional supplement contains banned substances, see the Director of Sports Nutrition, a member of the ECU Athletic Training Staff or submit a supplement inquiry as described below.

Information about ingredients in medications and nutritional/dietary supplements can be obtained by contacting Drug Free Sport AXIS, 877-202-0769 or www.drugfreesport.com/axis (password ncaal). Go to the link Dietary Supplement Inquiry and complete the form. You will need to know the name of the supplement and the manufacturer. Even if you have had a supplement previously reviewed by Drug Free Sport AXIS, you should resubmit the information each time the supplement is purchased as the manufacturers may change the formula without notice. It is the sole responsibility of the student-athlete to determine whether a supplement constitutes a banned substance; the Drug Free Sport AXIS website is provided as a courtesy.